



Annual Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated)

CANADIAN ZINC CORPORATION
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated)

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4)	\$ 8,376	\$ 224
Short-term investments (Note 5)	2,005	5,458
Marketable securities (Note 6)	1,328	4,984
Other receivables and prepaid expenses	532	364
Total Current Assets	12,241	11,030
Other long-term assets (Note 7)	739	739
Property, plant and equipment (Note 8)	860	911
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 9)	5,432	9,268
Total Assets	\$ 19,272	\$ 21,948
LIABILITIES		
Current		
Accounts payable	\$ 917	\$ 1,527
Accrued and other liabilities	707	461
Total Current Liabilities	1,624	1,988
Decommissioning liability (Note 10)	1,963	2,148
Total Liabilities	3,587	4,136
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Share capital (Note 11)	91,823	87,250
Reserves (Note 12)	12,681	12,470
Deficit	(88,819)	(81,908)
Total Shareholders' Equity	15,685	17,812
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$ 19,272	\$ 21,948
Commitments (Note 20)		

Approved by the Board of Directors:

“John F. Kearney”

Director

“Brian A. Atkins, CPA, CA”

Director

CANADIAN ZINC CORPORATION
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Loss

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share information)

	Year ended December 31,	
	2013	2012
Income		
Investment income	\$ 106	\$ 164
Expenses		
Depreciation	8	16
Exploration and evaluation (Note 13)	6,089	9,125
Listing and regulatory	65	67
Management and directors	1,278	673
Office and general	569	586
Professional	374	329
Project evaluation	15	34
Shareholder and investor communications	440	542
Share-based compensation (Note 12 (a))	120	107
	8,958	11,479
Other income (expenses)		
Finance costs (Note 10)	(49)	(46)
Gain on changes to decommissioning liability (Note 10)	177	-
Loss on marketable securities (Note 6)	(3,626)	(8,804)
Gain on sale of NSR (Note 9)	5,439	-
Tax deduction recovery (Note 14)	-	295
	1,941	(8,555)
Net loss for the year	(6,911)	(19,870)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-
Comprehensive loss for the year	\$ (6,911)	\$ (19,870)
Net loss per share - basic and diluted	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.13)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding		
Basic and diluted	166,539,368	157,936,692

CANADIAN ZINC CORPORATION
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated)

	Year ended December 31,	
	2013	2012
Operating Activities		
Net loss for the year	\$ (6,911)	\$ (19,870)
Adjustment for items not involving cash:		
Accretion and depreciation	173	216
Loss on marketable securities (Note 6)	3,626	8,804
Tax deduction recovery (Note 14)	-	(295)
Share-based compensation	120	107
Gain on changes to decommissioning liability (Note 10)	(177)	-
Gain on sale of NSR (Note 9)	(5,439)	-
Change in non-cash working capital items:		
Other receivables and prepaid expenses	(154)	(233)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(128)	743
	(8,890)	(10,528)
Financing Activities		
Capital stock issued	4,005	9,119
Issuance costs	(304)	(883)
Proceeds on exercise of options or warrants	46	2
	3,747	8,238
Investing Activities		
Sale of NSR (Note 9)	10,271	-
Short-term investments	3,453	(51)
Marketable securities (Note 6)	-	14
Property, plant and equipment	(13)	(183)
Government grants (Note 15)	-	170
Exploration and evaluation assets	(416)	(411)
	13,295	(461)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,152	\$ (2,751)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	\$ 224	\$ 2,975
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	8,152	(2,751)
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 8,376	\$ 224

CANADIAN ZINC CORPORATION

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for share information)

	Common shares		Reserves	Deficit	Total
	Number	Amount			
Balance, December 31, 2011	143,109,112	\$ 77,052	\$ 10,750	\$ (62,038)	\$ 25,764
Issue of shares at \$0.67 per share	13,610,000	9,119	-	-	9,119
Share issuance costs	-	(761)	-	-	(761)
Share purchase warrants	-	(1,560)	1,560	-	-
Paragon Minerals Acquisition (Note 3)	7,299,019	3,394	-	-	3,394
Options and warrants converted upon Paragon acquisition	-	-	53	-	53
Exploration and evaluation asset acquisition (Note 11)	9,520	4	-	-	4
Exercise of warrants at \$0.40 per share	4,130	2	-	-	2
Share-based compensation	-	-	107	-	107
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	(19,870)	(19,870)
Balance, December 31, 2012	164,031,781	87,250	12,470	(81,908)	17,812
Issue of shares at \$0.62 per share	6,460,000	4,005	-	-	4,005
Share issuance costs	-	(304)	-	-	(304)
Share purchase warrants	-	(92)	92	-	-
Exercise of options at \$0.23 per share (Note 12)	200,000	66	(20)	-	46
Messina Minerals Acquisition (Note 3)	2,132,714	896	-	-	896
Options and warrants converted upon Messina acquisition	-	-	19	-	19
Exploration and evaluation asset acquisition (Note 11)	4,080	2	-	-	2
Share-based compensation	-	-	120	-	120
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	(6,911)	(6,911)
Balance, December 31, 2013	172,828,575	\$ 91,823	\$ 12,681	\$ (88,819)	\$ 15,685

CANADIAN ZINC CORPORATION

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2013

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for shares, price per share and per share amounts)

1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

Canadian Zinc Corporation (the "Company" or "Canadian Zinc") is incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia, Canada, and its principal business activity is the exploration and development of natural resource properties. The address of the Company's registered office is Suite 1710, 650 West Georgia Street, PO Box 11644, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6B 4N9. The Company currently exists under the *Business Corporations Act* (British Columbia) and its common shares are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbol "CZN" and on the OTCQB under the symbol "CZICF".

The Company is primarily engaged in the exploration, development and permitting of its mineral properties. The Company is considered to be in the exploration and development stage given that its mineral properties are not yet in production and, to date, have not earned any significant revenues. The recoverability of amounts shown for exploration and evaluation assets is dependent on the existence of economically recoverable reserves, obtaining and maintaining the necessary permits to operate a mine, obtaining the financing to complete development and future profitable production.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern which assumes that the Company will realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. Management has carried out an assessment of the going concern assumption and has concluded that the Company has sufficient cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and marketable securities (as well as no debt obligations outside of normal course accounts payable and accrued liabilities) to continue operating for the ensuing twelve months. These consolidated financial statements do not give effect to any adjustment which would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and, therefore, be required to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in other than the normal course of business and at amounts different than those reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on March 20, 2014.

(b) Basis of Preparation and Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for financial instruments classified as fair value through profit and loss which are stated at their fair value. These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars. These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of IFRS standards that are effective or available for early adoption on December 31, 2013. The accounting policies chosen by the Company have been applied consistently to all periods presented.

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Canadian Zinc Corporation and its wholly owned subsidiaries Paragon Minerals Corporation ("Paragon") and Messina Minerals Inc. ("Messina"), collectively the group. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies. All intra-group balances, transactions, unrealized gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends are eliminated in full. Prior year comparatives are reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

(c) Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

CANADIAN ZINC CORPORATION
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2013

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for shares, price per share and per share amounts)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(c) Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions (continued)

- i. Company acquisitions: Identifying a purchase transaction as being a business combination or an asset purchase requires judgment regarding whether the set of assets acquired and liabilities assumed constitutes a business based on the particular circumstances (see Note 3).
- ii. Exploration and evaluation: Significant judgment is required when determining whether facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of exploration and evaluation assets may exceed its recoverable amount. Significant judgment must be exercised in determining when a project of the Company moves from the exploration and evaluation phase and into the development phase. The existence and extent of proven or probable mineral reserves; retention of regulatory permits and licences; the availability of development financing; current and future metal prices; and market sentiment are all factors considered by the Company. Accordingly, the Company having not secured development financing has deemed all projects to be in the exploration and evaluation phase.

The valuation of the gain of \$5,439,000 on the sale of net smelter returns royalty is subject to several judgments and estimates, in particular the valuation of the option to repurchase the net smelter returns royalty. Taking into consideration current market conditions the Company has recorded a value of \$nil to this repurchase option (see Note 9).

- iii. Decommissioning liability: Decommissioning liabilities are recognized in the period in which they arise and are stated at the best estimate of the present value of estimated future costs. These estimates require extensive judgment about the nature, cost and timing of the work to be completed, and may change with future changes to costs, environmental laws and regulations and remediation practices. Recording a provision for security deposits is subject to significant judgment as to the amount and timing of the required posting of security (see Note 10).
- iv. Share-based compensation: The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determination of the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determination of the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in Note 12.

(d) Financial Assets

Financial assets are initially recorded at fair value and designated upon inception into one of the following four categories: held-to-maturity, available-for-sale, loans and receivables or at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

Financial assets classified as loans and receivables are measured at amortized cost less impairment. The Company has classified its other receivables as loans and receivables.

Financial assets classified as FVTPL are measured at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recognized through earnings. The Company has classified its cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, marketable securities, and other long-term assets as FVTPL. The Company designated its marketable securities as FVTPL upon initial recognition in accordance with an investment strategy that management uses to evaluate performance on a fair value basis.

Financial assets classified as held-to-maturity are measured at amortized cost. The Company has no financial assets classified as held-to-maturity.

Financial assets classified as available-for-sale are measured at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) except for losses in value that are considered other than temporary. The Company has no financial assets classified as available-for-sale.

Transaction costs associated with FVTPL financial assets are expensed as incurred, while transaction costs associated with all other financial assets are included in the initial carrying amount of the asset.

CANADIAN ZINC CORPORATION
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2013

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for shares, price per share and per share amounts)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(e) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The Company assesses at each date of the consolidated statement of financial position the carrying amounts of non-financial assets to determine whether there is an indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the assets belong.

Recoverable amount is the greater of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments for the time value of money and risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs to sell, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized.

(f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and liquid investments which are readily convertible into cash with maturities of three months or less when purchased.

(g) Short-term Investments

Short-term investments, which consist primarily of investments in Bankers Acceptances and Guaranteed Investment Certificates, are investments with maturities of more than three months and less than one year when purchased.

(h) Marketable Securities

Marketable securities are recorded at their fair market value on the date of acquisition and are classified as FVTPL. The carrying value of the securities is adjusted at each subsequent reporting period to the then fair value (based upon the market bid price and the Bank of Canada quoted exchange rate if applicable) with the resulting unrealized gains or losses included in comprehensive income or loss for the period. Transaction costs relating to the purchase of marketable securities are expensed directly to comprehensive income or loss.

(i) Foreign Currency Transactions

The Company's reporting currency and the functional currency of all of its operations is the Canadian dollar as this is the principal currency of the economic environment in which the Company operates. Foreign currency transactions are translated at the rate in effect when the transactions occur. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency (if any) are translated at the rate in effect at the reporting period date.

CANADIAN ZINC CORPORATION
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2013

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for shares, price per share and per share amounts)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(j) Property, Plant and Equipment ("PPE")

PPE is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on a declining-balance basis, less the estimated residual value, at the following annual rates:

Mining equipment	30%
Office equipment	20%

Buildings and leasehold improvements are recorded at cost, net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation on buildings and leasehold improvements are provided on a straight-line basis over the life of the asset.

Amortization of the Prairie Creek plant and mill is based on the unit-of-production method based upon estimated proven and probable reserves.

(k) Exploration and Evaluation Assets

Exploration and evaluation assets include acquired mineral use rights for mineral property held by the Company. The amount of consideration paid (in cash or share value) for mineral use rights is capitalized. The amounts shown for exploration and evaluation assets represent costs of acquisition incurred to date, less recoveries, and do not necessarily reflect present or future values. These costs will be amortized against revenue from future production or written off if the exploration and evaluation assets are abandoned or sold. Included in the cost of exploration and evaluation assets is the cost of the estimated decommissioning liability. The Company has classified exploration and evaluation assets as intangible in nature. Depletion of costs capitalized on projects put into commercial production will be recorded using the unit-of-production method based upon estimated proven and probable reserves. The Company recognizes, in income, costs recovered on exploration and evaluation assets when amounts received or receivable are in excess of the carrying amount of the corresponding asset.

Ownership in exploration and evaluation assets involves certain inherent risks, including geological, metal prices, operating costs, and permitting risks. Many of these risks are outside the Company's control. The ultimate recoverability of the amounts capitalized for the exploration and evaluation assets is dependent upon the delineation of economically recoverable ore reserves, obtaining the necessary financing to complete their development, obtaining the necessary permits to operate a mine, and realizing profitable production or proceeds from the disposition thereof. Management's estimates of recoverability of the Company's investment in exploration and evaluation assets have been based on current and expected conditions. However, it is possible that changes could occur which could adversely affect management's estimates and may result in future write downs of exploration and evaluation assets carrying values.

(l) Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially recorded at fair value and designated upon inception as FVTPL or classified as other financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities classified as other financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The Company has classified its accounts payable and accrued liabilities as other financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities classified as FVTPL include financial liabilities held-for-trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL. Fair value changes on financial liabilities classified as FVTPL are recognized through the consolidated statement of comprehensive income or loss. The Company has no financial liabilities classified as FVTPL.

CANADIAN ZINC CORPORATION
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2013

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for shares, price per share and per share amounts)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(m) Decommissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities

The Company recognizes liabilities for statutory, contractual, constructive or legal obligations, including those associated with the reclamation of exploration and evaluation assets and PPE, when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operation of the assets. Initially, a provision for a decommissioning liability is recognized at its present value in the period in which it is incurred, which is generally when an environmental disturbance occurs or a constructive obligation is determined. Upon initial recognition of the liability, a corresponding amount is added to the carrying amount of the related asset and the cost is amortized as an expense over the economic life of the asset using the unit-of-production method. Following the initial recognition of a decommissioning liability, the carrying amount of the liability is increased for the passage of time and adjusted for changes to the current market-based discount rate and the amount or timing of the underlying cash flows needed to settle the obligation. Changes to estimated future costs are recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position by either increasing or decreasing the decommissioning liability and the decommissioning asset.

(n) Flow-Through Shares

Current Canadian tax legislation permits mining entities to issue flow-through shares to investors. Flow-through shares are securities issued to investors whereby the deductions for tax purposes related to exploration and evaluation expenditures may be claimed by investors instead of the entity. The issue of flow-through shares is in substance an issue of ordinary shares and the sale of tax deductions. At the time the Company issues flow-through shares, the sale of tax deductions is deferred and presented as other liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position to recognize the obligation to incur and renounce eligible resource exploration and evaluation expenditures. The tax deduction is measured as the difference between the current market price of the Company's common shares and the issue price of the flow-through share. Upon incurring and renouncing eligible resource exploration and evaluation expenditures, the Company recognizes the sale of tax deductions as a tax deduction recovery on the consolidated statement of comprehensive income or loss and reduces the other liability.

(o) Revenue Recognition

Investment income on cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments is recognized as it is earned.

(p) Exploration and Evaluation Costs

Exploration and evaluation costs, other than those described in Note 2(k), are expensed as incurred until such time as mineral reserves are proven or probable; permits to operate the mineral resource property are received; and financing to complete development has been obtained. Following these three events and approval of the Board of Directors to commence mining development and operations, exploration and evaluation expenditures are capitalized as deferred development expenditures included within exploration and evaluation assets.

(q) Share-based Compensation

The Company follows the fair value method of accounting for the stock option awards granted to employees, directors and consultants. The fair value of stock options is determined by the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model with assumptions for risk-free interest rates, dividend yields, volatility of the expected market price of the Company's common shares and an expected life of the options. The number of stock option awards expected to vest are estimated using a forfeiture rate based on historical experience and future expectations. The fair value of direct awards of stock is determined by the quoted market price of the Company's stock. Share-based compensation is amortized to earnings over the vesting period of the related option.

The Company uses graded or accelerated amortization which specifies that each vesting tranche must be accounted for as a separate arrangement with a unique fair value measurement. Each vesting tranche is subsequently amortized separately and in parallel from the grant date.

Option-pricing models require the use of highly subjective estimates and assumptions including the expected stock price volatility. Changes in the underlying assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimates and, therefore, existing models do not necessarily provide reliable measurement of the fair value of the Company's stock options.

CANADIAN ZINC CORPORATION
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2013

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for shares, price per share and per share amounts)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(r) Income Taxes

The Company follows the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized in the period for temporary differences between the tax and accounting bases of assets and liabilities as well as for the potential benefit of income tax losses and other deductions carried forward to future years.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using substantively enacted tax rates and laws expected to apply in the years in which temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect of a change in tax rates on deferred income tax assets and liabilities is recognized in the year that includes the substantive enactment date. The value of deferred income tax assets is reviewed annually and adjusted, if necessary, to reflect the amount probable of being realized.

(s) Earnings (Loss) Per Common Share

Earnings (loss) per share calculations are based on the net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders for the year divided by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share calculations are based on the net income attributable to common shareholders for the year divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year plus the effects of dilutive common share equivalents. This method requires that the dilutive effect of outstanding options and warrants issued be calculated using the treasury stock method. This method assumes that all common share equivalents have been exercised at the beginning of the year (or at the time of issuance, if later), and that the funds obtained thereby were used to purchase common shares of the Company at the average trading price of common shares during the year. The incremental number of common shares that would be issued is included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share.

Diluted loss per share calculations are based on the net loss attributable to common shareholders for the year divided by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the year. Stock options and share purchase warrants are not included in the computation of loss per share for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 as such inclusion would be anti-dilutive.

(t) Government Grants

Grants from the government are recognized at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the Company has complied with all conditions necessary to receive the grants and collectability is reasonably assured. Government grants relating to costs are accrued as receivable and recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income or loss as a reduction of the related expense. Government grants relating to property, plant and equipment are accrued as receivable and recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position as a reduction of the carrying value of the related asset.

(u) IFRS Standards Adopted

IFRS 7 (Amendment)	<i>Financial Instruments: Disclosure</i>
IFRS 10	<i>Consolidated Financial Statements</i>
IFRS 11	<i>Joint Arrangements</i>
IFRS 12	<i>Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities</i>
IFRS 13	<i>Fair Value Measurement</i>
IAS 1 (Amendment)	<i>Presentation of Financial Statements</i>
IAS 12 (Amendment)	<i>Income Taxes</i>
IAS 19 (Revised)	<i>Employee Benefits</i>
IAS 27 (Revised)	<i>Separate Financial Statements</i>
IAS 28 (Revised)	<i>Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures</i>
IFRIC 20	<i>Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine</i>

The adoption of these standards and amendments did not have a material impact on the consolidated results and financial position of the Company.

CANADIAN ZINC CORPORATION
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2013

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for shares, price per share and per share amounts)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(v) IFRS Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective

IFRS 9 (Amendment)	<i>Financial Instruments</i> ⁽¹⁾
IFRS 2 (Amendment)	<i>Share-based Payment</i> ⁽²⁾
IFRS 3 (Amendment)	<i>Business Combinations</i> ⁽²⁾
IFRS 8 (Amendment)	<i>Operating Segments</i> ⁽²⁾
IFRS 13 (Amendment)	<i>Fair Value Measurement</i> ⁽²⁾
IAS 16 (Amendment)	<i>Property, Plant and Equipment</i> ⁽²⁾
IAS 19 (Amendment)	<i>Employee Benefits</i> ⁽²⁾
IAS 24 (Amendment)	<i>Related Party Disclosures</i> ⁽²⁾
IAS38 (Amendment)	<i>Intangible Assets</i> ⁽²⁾
IAS 40 (Amendment)	<i>Investment Property</i> ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ To be determined.

⁽²⁾ For annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2014.

The Company anticipates that the application of these standards and amendments on their effective dates will not have a material impact on the consolidated results and financial position of the Company.

3. Company Acquisitions

(a) Messina Acquisition

On December 20, 2013, the Company acquired the outstanding shares of Messina Minerals Inc. ("Messina"), a company which holds mineral interests in the Canadian province of Newfoundland and Labrador.

The acquisition has been accounted for as a purchase of assets and the assumption of liabilities by the Company. The transaction does not qualify as a business combination under IFRS 3, *Business Combinations*, as significant inputs and processes that constitute a business were not identified. Total consideration transferred was \$1,372,000, which was comprised of the issuance of 2,132,714 common shares valued at \$896,000 based on the closing market price of the Company's shares on December 20, 2013 of \$0.42 per share, conversion of options and warrants with a fair value of \$19,000 (See Note 12), 3,000,000 Messina shares previously acquired and valued at \$180,000 based on the closing market price of Messina shares on December 20, 2013 of \$0.06 per share and transaction costs of \$277,000. A value of \$1,324,000 was allocated to exploration and evaluation assets for the mineral interests. (See Notes 8, 9, 11, and 12).

The purchase price for Messina was allocated to the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed based upon their relative fair value at the date of acquisition as follows:

Purchase price

Issued 2,132,714 Canadian Zinc common shares at \$0.42 per share	\$ 896
Acquired 3,000,000 Messina shares at \$0.06 per share	180
Options and warrants converted upon acquisition	19
Transaction costs	277
	\$ 1,372

Fair value of net assets acquired

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14
Other assets	70
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(36)
Exploration and evaluation assets	1,324
	\$ 1,372

CANADIAN ZINC CORPORATION

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2013

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for shares, price per share and per share amounts)

3. Company Acquisitions (continued)

(b) Paragon Acquisition

On September 24, 2012, the Company acquired the outstanding shares of Paragon Minerals Corporation ("Paragon"), a company which holds mineral interests in the Canadian provinces of Newfoundland and Labrador and Ontario including a precious metal-rich, copper-lead-zinc Volcanogenic Massive Sulphide ("VMS") mineral deposit at South Tally Pond.

The acquisition has been accounted for as a purchase of assets and the assumption of liabilities by the Company. The transaction does not qualify as a business combination under IFRS 3, *Business Combinations*, as significant inputs and processes that constitute a business were not identified. Total consideration transferred was \$4,080,000, which was comprised of the issuance of 7,299,019 common shares valued at \$3,394,000 based on the closing market price of the Company's shares on September 24, 2012 of \$0.465 per share, conversion of options and warrants with a fair value of \$53,000 (See Note 12), 7,000,000 Paragon shares previously acquired and valued at \$420,000 based on the closing market price of Paragon shares on September 24, 2012 of \$0.06 per share and transaction costs of \$213,000. A value of \$4,064,000 was allocated to exploration and evaluation assets for the mineral interests. (See Notes 9, 11, and 12).

The purchase price for Paragon was allocated to the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed based upon their relative fair value at the date of acquisition as follows:

Purchase price

Issued 7,299,019 Canadian Zinc common shares at \$0.465 per share	\$ 3,394
Acquired 7,000,000 Paragon shares at \$0.06 per share	420
Options and warrants converted upon acquisition	53
Transaction costs	213
	<hr/>
	\$ 4,080

Fair value of net assets acquired

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 343
Other assets	61
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(388)
Exploration and evaluation assets	4,064
	<hr/>
	\$ 4,080

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company's cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2013 consisted of cash of \$334,000 and cash equivalents of \$8,042,000 (December 31, 2012 - cash of \$200,000 and cash equivalents of \$24,000).

5. Short-term Investments

Short-term investments, which consist primarily of investments in Bankers Acceptances and Guaranteed Investment Certificates, are investments with maturities of more than three months and less than one year when purchased. At December 31, 2013, short-term investments were valued at \$2,005,000, earning income at a rate of 1.71% (December 31, 2012 - \$5,458,000, earning income at a rate of 1.45%). The market value of these assets is based upon quoted market values and the recorded amounts at December 31, 2013 and 2012 equal the fair value for these investments.

CANADIAN ZINC CORPORATION
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6. Marketable Securities

For the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company recorded a gain of \$30,000 through its purchase of 3,000,000 common shares of Messina on September 17, 2013 for \$150,000 and revalued at \$180,000 upon the Company's acquisition of Messina on December 20, 2013 (see Note 3). For the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company recorded a loss of \$70,000 through its purchase of 7,000,000 common shares of Paragon on July 30, 2012 for \$490,000 and revalued at \$420,000 upon the Company's acquisition of Paragon on September 24, 2012 (see Note 3). During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Company liquidated certain marketable securities obtained through its acquisition of Paragon and realized a loss of \$11,000.

	December 31, 2013			December 31, 2012		
	# of Shares	Original Cost	Fair Value	# of Shares	Original Cost	Fair Value
Vatukoula Gold Mines plc	12,573,380	\$ 10,142	\$ 1,328	12,573,380	\$ 10,142	\$ 4,984
		\$ 10,142	\$ 1,328		\$ 10,142	\$ 4,984

7. Other Long-term Assets

As at December 31, 2013, other long-term assets consist of non-interest bearing reclamation security deposits of \$525,000 (December 31, 2012 - \$525,000) and restricted cash equivalents of \$214,000 (December 31, 2012 - \$214,000). The non-interest bearing reclamation security deposits are lodged with government agencies as security in support of certain reclamation obligations. The restricted cash equivalents are security for a letter of guarantee issued by a financial institution, to secure performance by the Company of certain obligations pursuant to an authorization to carry out road repairs adjacent to the Prairie Creek Mine Property granted by the Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada.

8. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Mining Equipment	Office Equipment	Buildings and Leasehold Improvements	Land	Prairie Creek Plant & Mill	Total
Acquisition Cost						
December 31, 2011	\$ 1,647	\$ 159	\$ 60	\$ -	\$ 500	\$ 2,366
Additions	13	5	-	-	-	18
December 31, 2012	1,660	164	60	-	500	2,384
Additions	13	-	20	40	-	73
December 31, 2013	\$ 1,673	\$ 164	\$ 80	40	\$ 500	\$ 2,457
Accumulated Depreciation						
December 31, 2011	\$ 1,126	\$ 124	\$ 53	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,303
Depreciation charge	154	9	7	-	-	170
December 31, 2012	1,280	133	60	-	-	1,473
Depreciation charge	116	8	-	-	-	124
December 31, 2013	\$ 1,396	\$ 141	\$ 60	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,597
Net Book Value						
December 31, 2011	\$ 521	\$ 35	\$ 7	\$ -	\$ 500	\$ 1,063
December 31, 2012	380	31	-	-	500	911
December 31, 2013	277	23	20	40	500	860

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9. Exploration and Evaluation Assets

The Company holds a 100% interest in the Prairie Creek Mine property located in the Northwest Territories, Canada. It also holds, through the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries Paragon and Messina, a 100% interest in the South Tally Pond, Tulks South and Long Lake properties in Newfoundland and Labrador.

In May 2013, the Company sold a 1.2% net smelter returns royalty ("NSR") on the Prairie Creek Mine for net proceeds of \$10,271,000 to Sandstorm Metals & Energy Ltd. The Company's policy is to recognize, in income, costs recovered on exploration and evaluation assets when amounts received or receivable are in excess of the carrying amount of the corresponding exploration and evaluation asset. Accordingly, the Company reduced the carrying value of the Prairie Creek Mine exploration and evaluation asset to \$nil during the second quarter of 2013 and recognized a gain of \$5,439,000 on the consolidated statement of income or loss. In addition, as part of the agreement, Sandstorm has granted Canadian Zinc the option, for a period of 30 months, to repurchase 100% of the NSR without premium or penalty for US\$10 million, if Canadian Zinc enters into a metal stream agreement with Sandstorm under which Sandstorm will provide Canadian Zinc with an upfront deposit of not less than US\$90 million to be used to finance part of the capital cost to develop the Prairie Creek Mine.

The Company's exploration and evaluation assets are comprised of the following:

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Prairie Creek Mine	\$ -	\$ 4,889
Messina properties	1,324	-
Paragon properties	4,108	4,379
	\$ 5,432	\$ 9,268

The Company has incurred historical exploration and evaluation costs of \$61,352,000 on the Prairie Creek Mine asset and \$1,249,000 on Paragon exploration properties (see Note 13) and has expensed these costs pursuant to its accounting policy.

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10. Decommissioning Liability

Reclamation and closure costs have been estimated based on the Company's understanding of its current obligations under its existing surface leases, land use permits and class "B" Water Licence for reclamation and closure of the Prairie Creek Mine site as it now exists with the current infrastructure and assuming a mine life of 11 years. These reclamation and closure costs have been measured at the best estimate based on the net present value of future cash expenditures. These reclamation and closure costs are capitalized into exploration and evaluation assets and amortized over the life of the related asset (See Note 9). The accretion expense is included in finance costs on the consolidated statement of comprehensive income or loss.

The Company's undiscounted decommissioning liability of the Prairie Creek site, as it currently exists, is \$2,961,000 (December 31, 2012 - \$2,961,000), being the estimated future net cash outflows of the reclamation and closure costs, including a 30% contingency and inflation of 2%, required to satisfy the obligations, settlement of which will occur subsequent to closure of the mine through to 2029. The discounted decommissioning liability at December 31, 2013 is \$2,148,000 (December 31, 2012 - \$1,907,000) and is calculated using a risk free rate of 3.13% per annum (December 31, 2012 - 2.26%).

A summary of the Company's provision for its current decommissioning liability is presented below:

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Balance – beginning of year	\$ 2,148	\$ 1,907
Accretion expense	49	46
Change in estimates	(234)	195
Balance – end of year	\$ 1,963	\$ 2,148

The Company currently holds a surface lease, issued by the Minister of Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada, which limits the use of the land for mine site care and maintenance purposes only and establishes the Company's current responsibility for abandonment and restoration in accordance with an abandonment and restoration plan attached as a schedule to the surface lease. The Company has applied to the Minister of Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada for a new lease for production to replace the existing care and maintenance surface lease.

In September 2013, the Company was issued with the Type "A" Water Licence MV2008L2-002 by the Mackenzie Valley Water Board ("MVLWB"). The Type "A" Water Licence is valid for a term of seven years and entitles Canadian Zinc to use water, dewater the underground mine for the purposes of mining and to dispose of waste for mining and milling. The Licence is subject to numerous conditions, including the requirement to post and maintain security, in stages, with the Minister of Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada totalling \$13.07 million on a schedule of \$3 million within ninety days of the effective date of the licence, \$5 million prior to extracting waste rock from the underground mine and \$5.07 million prior to commencing milling.

In June 2013, the MVLWB issued Land Use Permit MV2008D0014 which permits Canadian Zinc to extract ore and waste rock from the Prairie Creek Mine, operate a flotation mill concentrator to produce zinc and lead concentrates, create a waste rock facility, and refurbish and develop site facilities in support of the mining operation, along with the eventual closure and reclamation of the mine site. This permit which is valid for a term of five years, with an optional two year extension, is subject to numerous conditions including the requirement to deposit, in stages, with the Minister of Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada totalling \$4 million on a schedule of \$3 million within ninety days of the issue of the permit and \$1 million prior to the commencement of construction upgrades to the mill.

In June and December 2013, the Company filed requests with the MVLWB for amendments to the timing schedules of the various security deposits to be provided to the Minister of Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada under the Type "A" Water Licence and the Land Use Permit. The Department of Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada has confirmed to the MVLWB that the Board's assessment of the Company's liability for the site and cost of closure and reclamation is not applicable until a new lease for production replaces the existing care and maintenance surface lease.

The Company also holds various land use permits, water licences and construction permits from the MVLWB and Parks Canada with the requirement to post security for future reclamation in the total amount of \$3.33 million, to be posted prior to construction of infrastructure or commencement of operations. The Company has previously posted reclamation security deposits in support of current reclamation obligations in the amount of \$525,000 (see Note 7).

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11. Share Capital

Authorized: Unlimited common shares with no par value (2012 – unlimited).

Issued and outstanding: 172,828,575 common shares (December 31, 2012 – 164,031,781).

(a) During the year ended December 31, 2013

- i. On August 20, 2013, the Company issued by way of a bought deal private placement 6,460,000 flow-through shares on a brokered basis at \$0.62 per share, for aggregate gross proceeds of \$4,005,000. The agent to the private placement was paid a commission of 5% of the gross proceeds from the offering and received broker's warrants to acquire 387,600 non-flow-through shares at any time until February 20, 2015 at a price of \$0.63 per share. Net proceeds from the issuance were \$3,701,000 after issuance costs comprised of the agent's commission of \$200,000 and other issuance costs of \$104,000. The Company also recognized non-cash costs for the fair value of the broker's warrants granted of \$92,000.
- ii. 200,000 stock options were exercised at a price of \$0.23 per common share for proceeds of \$46,000.
- iii. On September 16, 2013, the Company issued 4,080 common shares valued at \$2,000 and \$13,000 in cash pursuant to an agreement by Paragon Minerals Corporation to acquire an exploration property.
- iv. On December 20, 2013, the Company acquired Messina Minerals Inc. and issued 2,132,714 common shares valued at \$896,000 based on the Company's closing market price on December 31, 2013 of \$0.42 per share in exchange for all outstanding Messina shares that the Company did not already own (see Note 3).

(b) During the year ended December 31, 2012

- i. On January 6, 2012, the Company issued by way of public offering 7,610,000 units ("Units") on a brokered basis at \$0.67 per Unit, for aggregate gross proceeds of \$5,099,000. Each Unit consists of one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share of the Company at any time until January 6, 2014 at a price of \$0.90 per common share. The agent to the private placement was paid a commission of 6.5% of the gross proceeds from the offering and received broker's warrants to acquire 494,650 common shares at any time until July 6, 2013 at a price of \$0.67 per share. Net proceeds from the issuance were \$4,609,000 after issuance costs comprised of the agent's commission of \$331,000 and other issuance costs of \$159,000. The Company allocated \$704,000 of the gross proceeds to the fair value of the share purchase warrants issued and recognized non-cash costs for the fair value of the broker's warrants granted of \$109,000.
- ii. On February 10, 2012, the Company issued by way of non-brokered private placement 6,000,000 units ("Units") to Zhongrun International Mining Co. Ltd. ("Zhongrun") at \$0.67 per Unit, for aggregate gross proceeds of \$4,020,000. Each Unit consists of one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share of the Company at any time until February 10, 2014 at a price of \$0.90 per common share. In connection with the Zhongrun financing the Company paid a finder's fee to an arm's length intermediary. Net proceeds from the issuance were \$3,749,000 after issuance costs comprised of the finder's fee of \$201,000 and other issuance costs of \$70,000. The Company allocated \$747,000 of the gross proceeds to the fair value of the share purchase warrants.
- iii. 4,130 warrants were exercised at a price of \$0.40 per common share for proceeds of \$2,000.
- iv. On September 24, 2012, the Company acquired Paragon Minerals Corporation and issued 7,299,019 common shares valued at \$3,394,000 based on the Company's closing market price on September 24, 2012 of \$0.465 per share in exchange for all outstanding Paragon shares that the Company did not already own (see Note 3).
- v. On December 3, 2012, the Company issued 9,520 common shares valued at \$4,000 and \$40,000 in cash pursuant to an agreement by Paragon Minerals Corporation to acquire an exploration property.

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12. Reserves

(a) Stock Options

At December 31, 2013, there were 7,247,734 incentive stock options outstanding.

At the Annual General Meeting held on June 13, 2012, shareholders approved the adoption of a new incentive stock option plan (the "2012 Plan"). The 2012 Plan is a fixed share stock option plan pursuant to which options on up to 7,500,000 common shares may be issued to directors, officers, employees and service providers of the Company. No new stock options will be granted under the 2004 Rolling Stock Option Plan (the "2004 Plan"), which is a 10% rolling stock option plan, but the 5,835,000 stock options currently outstanding under the 2004 Plan will remain outstanding and subject to that plan. Stock options will only be granted under the 2012 Stock Option Plan to the extent that the aggregate number of options outstanding under the 2012 Plan and the 2004 Plan does not exceed 7,500,000. Under the 2012 Plan, each option granted shall be for a term not exceeding five years from the date of grant and the vesting period is determined at the discretion of the Board. The option exercise price is set at the date of grant and cannot be less than the closing market price of the Company's common shares on the TSX on the day of grant.

Each stock option is exercisable for one ordinary share of the Company. No amounts are paid or payable by the recipient on receipt of the option. The options carry neither rights to dividends nor voting rights. Options may be exercised at any time from the date of vesting to the date of their expiry.

A summary of the Company's options at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 and the changes for the periods then ended is presented below:

	Year ended December 31, 2013		Year ended December 31, 2012	
	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, beginning of year	7,605,533	\$ 0.46	6,410,000	\$ 0.41
Granted	-	-	960,000	0.46
Exercised	(200,000)	0.23	-	-
Converted	138,134	0.30	310,533	1.54
Expired	(258,433)	1.62	(75,000)	0.94
Forfeited	(37,500)	0.46	-	-
Outstanding, end of year	7,247,734	\$ 0.42	7,605,533	\$ 0.46

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(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for shares, price per share and per share amounts)

12. Reserves (continued)

(a) Stock Options (continued)

As at December 31, 2013, the Company has outstanding and exercisable stock options, with a weighted average remaining contractual life of 1.46 years, to purchase an aggregate 7,247,734 common shares, of which 6,792,734 were exercisable as at that date, as follows:

Expiry Date	Options Outstanding		Options Exercisable	
	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
March 20, 2014	138,134	\$ 0.30	138,134	\$ 0.30
March 27, 2014	1,375,000	0.23	1,375,000	0.23
December 31, 2014	40,800	1.14	40,800	1.14
May 12, 2015	4,460,000	0.45	4,460,000	0.45
January 27, 2016	300,000	0.71	300,000	0.71
July 4, 2016	23,800	0.81	23,800	0.81
October 3, 2017	910,000	0.46	455,000	0.46
	7,247,734	\$ 0.42	6,792,734	\$ 0.42

For the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company recorded share-based compensation charges for stock options granted to directors, officers and employees of \$120,000 versus \$107,000 for the comparative year.

The share-based compensation charges were determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, based on the following terms and assumptions:

Period of Grant	Year ended December 31, 2013 ⁽²⁾	Year ended December 31, 2012 ⁽²⁾
Dividend Yield	-	0%
Risk free interest rate	-	1.2%
Expected life	-	2.6 to 3.5 years
Expected volatility ⁽¹⁾	-	71.4% to 73.1%
Weighted average grant date fair value	-	\$ 0.22
Forfeiture rate	-	2%

⁽¹⁾ Determined based on historical volatility of the Company's share price.

⁽²⁾ Excludes stock options converted upon Messina or Paragon acquisition

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(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for shares, price per share and per share amounts)

12. Reserves (continued)

(b) Warrants

As at December 31, 2013, the Company has outstanding exercisable warrants, with a weighted average remaining contractual life of 0.16 years, to purchase an aggregate 8,490,200 common shares, as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2013		Year ended December 31, 2012	
	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, beginning of year	13,419,693	\$ 0.95	5,054,148	\$ 0.88
Issued	387,600	0.63	7,299,650	0.88
Converted	84,745	3.54	1,407,168	1.51
Exercised	-	-	(4,130)	0.40
Expired	(5,401,838)	0.90	(337,143)	0.70
Outstanding, end of year	8,490,200	\$ 1.00	13,419,693	\$ 0.95

Expiry Date	Warrants Outstanding and Exercisable	
	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
January 6, 2014	3,805,000	\$ 0.90
February 10, 2014	3,000,000	0.90
June 3, 2014	1,212,855	1.47
June 5, 2014	84,745	3.54
February 20, 2015	387,600	0.63
	8,490,200	\$ 1.00

The fair value of the warrants issued was determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, based on the following terms and assumptions:

Year of Grant	Year ended December 31, 2013 ⁽²⁾	Year ended December 31, 2012 ⁽²⁾
Dividend Yield	0%	0%
Risk free interest rate	1.20%	0.95%
Expected life	1.46 years	1.4 to 1.9 years
Expected volatility ⁽¹⁾	67.8%	74.5% to 78.2%
Weighted average grant date fair value	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.20

⁽¹⁾ Determined based on historical volatility of the Company's share price.

⁽²⁾ Excludes warrants converted upon Messina or Paragon acquisition.

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12. Reserves (continued)

(c) Summary

	Options	Warrants	Unexercised Options and Warrants	Normal Course Issuer Bid	Total
Balance, December 31, 2011	1,240	1,070	7,836	604	10,750
Share-based compensation	107	-	-	-	107
Stock options expired	(29)	-	29	-	-
Broker and share purchase warrants issued	-	1,560	-	-	1,560
Broker warrants expired	-	(81)	81	-	-
Paragon acquisition	8	45	-	-	53
Balance, December 31, 2012	1,326	2,594	7,946	604	12,470
Share-based compensation	120	-	-	-	120
Stock options exercised	(20)	-	-	-	(20)
Stock options expired	(25)	-	25	-	-
Broker warrants issued	-	92	-	-	92
Warrants expired	-	(1,104)	1,104	-	-
Messina acquisition	19	-	-	-	19
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$ 1,420	\$ 1,582	\$ 9,075	\$ 604	\$ 12,681

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13. Exploration and Evaluation Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2013, the employee wages and benefits included in exploration and evaluation expenses were \$1,344,000 versus \$1,594,000 for the comparative year.

	Year ended December 31, 2013	Year ended December 31, 2012
Prairie Creek Mine		
Camp operation and project development	\$ 1,528	\$ 1,394
Diamond drilling	331	3,107
Feasibility studies and mine planning	1,611	2,860
Permitting and environmental	1,342	1,522
	4,812	8,883
Depreciation – mining plant and equipment	116	154
Total exploration and evaluation expenses	\$ 4,928	\$ 9,037
Exploration and evaluation, beginning of year	\$ 56,424	\$ 47,387
Total exploration and evaluation expenses	4,928	9,037
Exploration and evaluation, end of year	\$ 61,352	\$ 56,424

	Year ended December 31, 2013	Year ended December 31, 2012
Paragon Properties		
Camp operation and project development	\$ 163	\$ 54
Diamond drilling	984	34
Permitting and environmental	14	-
Total exploration and evaluation expenses	\$ 1,161	\$ 88
Exploration and evaluation, beginning of year	\$ 88	\$ -
Total exploration and evaluation expenses	1,161	88
Exploration and evaluation, end of year	\$ 1,249	\$ 88

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14. Tax Deduction Recovery

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company recognized a tax deduction recovery of \$nil compared to \$295,000 for the comparative year in respect of flow-through shares previously issued.

15. Government Grants

For the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company received government grants in the amount of \$547,000 compared to \$451,000 for the comparative year and recorded a reduction to the related expense or as a reduction of the carrying value of the related asset. At December 31, 2013, \$106,000 related to amounts owed was included in other receivables and prepaid expenses (December 31, 2012 - \$3,000).

16. Income Taxes

The Company's current and deferred income tax expense for the year ended December 31, 2013, is \$nil and \$nil (2012 - \$nil and \$nil). A reconciliation of the statutory tax rate to the effective rate for the Company is as follows:

	2013	2012
Statutory tax rate	26.51%	25.94%
Income taxes/(recovery) computed at statutory rates	\$ (1,832)	\$ (5,152)
Permanent differences	(34)	42
Expired losses	60	-
Renunciation of resource expenditures	-	637
Other	(14)	(110)
Loss on marketable securities subject to capital gains tax rate	465	1,126
Income tax rate changes	(518)	131
Tax benefits not yet recognized	1,873	3,326
	-	-

The approximate tax effect of each type of temporary difference that gives rise to the Company's deferred income tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	2013	2012
Non-capital loss carry forwards	\$ 8,467	\$ 5,986
Plant and equipment	386	315
Resource interests	9,515	7,904
Other	843	920
Marketable securities	1,198	695
Net unrecognized deferred income tax asset	\$ 20,409	\$ 15,820

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16. Income Taxes (continued)

At December 31, 2013, the Company has approximately \$31,998,000 (2012 - \$23,202,000) of non-capital losses for tax purposes available to be carried forward at various dates until 2031 and applied against future income for tax purposes and approximately \$40,425,000 (2012 - \$38,983,000) of unused cumulative Canadian exploration and development expenses for tax purposes available to be carried forward indefinitely and applied against future income for tax purposes. The non-capital losses expire as follows:

Year	Total
2014	\$ 886
2015	895
2024	112
2025	374
2026	1,905
2027	3,729
2028	5,112
2029	3,347
2030	3,325
2031	3,701
2032	6,699
2033	1,913
	\$ 31,998

Deferred income tax benefits which may arise as a result of these losses have been recognized in these consolidated financial statements to the extent necessary to reduce deferred income tax liabilities arising on unrealized capital gains on marketable securities.

17. Capital Management

The Company manages its cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, marketable securities, common shares, stock options and share purchase warrants as capital. As the Company is in the exploration and evaluation stage, its principal source of funds for its operations is from the issuance of common shares. The issuance of common shares requires approval of the Board of Directors. It is the Company's objective to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to explore its Canadian properties and develop its Prairie Creek project for the benefit of its shareholders.

18. Related Party Transactions

For the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company incurred rent expense with a corporation with a common director of the Company in the amount of \$24,000 versus \$24,000 for the comparative year. These transactions were within the normal course of business and have been recorded at amounts agreed to by the transacting parties. At December 31, 2013, \$2,000 relating to amounts owing to related parties was included in accounts payable and accrued and other liabilities (December 31, 2012 - \$4,000).

For the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company incurred short-term employee remuneration and benefits to officers and directors in the amount of \$1,278,000 versus \$673,000 for the comparative year. For the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company incurred share-based compensation with officers and directors in the amount of \$13,000 versus \$41,000 for the comparative year.

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19. Financial Instruments

(a) Categories of financial instruments

		December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Cash and cash equivalents	FVTPL	\$ 8,376	\$ 224
Short-term investments	FVTPL	2,005	5,458
Marketable securities	FVTPL	1,328	4,984
Other receivables	Loans and receivables	324	86
Other long-term assets	FVTPL	739	739
Accounts payable	Other financial liabilities	(917)	(1,527)
Accrued and other liabilities	Other financial liabilities	(707)	(461)

All financial instruments above, except other financial liabilities and loans and receivables, are classified under the Level 1 fair value hierarchy.

(b) Market risk

The Company holds certain marketable securities that will fluctuate in value as a result of trading on global financial markets. Furthermore, as the Company's marketable securities are also in mining companies, market values will fluctuate as commodity prices change. Based upon the Company's portfolio at December 31, 2013, a 10% increase or decrease in the market price of the securities held, ignoring any foreign currency risk which is described below, would have resulted in an increase or a decrease to net income or loss of approximately \$132,000.

(c) Interest rate risk

Included in the loss for the year ended December 31, 2013, is investment income on the Company's cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments. If interest rates had been 100 basis points (1%) lower or higher than net income or loss would have been approximately \$73,000 higher or lower. The Company does not have any debt obligations which expose it to interest rate risk.

(d) Foreign currency risk

The Company holds marketable securities denominated in U.K. pounds sterling. Based upon the marketable securities held at December 31, 2013, and assuming no changes in number of shares or stock price, for every \$0.01 fluctuation in exchange rate between the Canadian dollar and U.K. pound sterling, the Company's net income or loss would be \$7,000 higher or lower.

(e) Credit risk

The Company considers that the following financial assets are exposed to credit risk: cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, marketable securities and other long-term assets. The total value of these items at December 31, 2013 is \$12,448,000 (December 31, 2012 - \$11,405,000). Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company does not currently generate any revenues from sales to customers nor does it hold derivative type instruments that would require a counterparty to fulfil a contractual obligation resulting in a credit risk. The Company has never held any asset-backed paper instruments. The Company seeks to place its cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and restricted cash with reputable financial institutions. At December 31, 2013, the Company's cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and restricted cash were invested with three financial institutions.

(f) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk encompasses the risk that the Company cannot meet its financial obligations as they fall due. As at December 31, 2013, the Company had positive working capital of \$10,617,000 (December 31, 2012 - \$9,042,000). Given positive working capital, the Company believes it will be able to meet its current obligations. However, the Company will require significant additional funding in the future in order to complete the development of the Prairie Creek Mine site and bring the mine into production. Accordingly, there is a risk that the Company may not be able to secure adequate funding on reasonable terms, or at all, at that future date.

CANADIAN ZINC CORPORATION
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2013

(Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for shares, price per share and per share amounts)

20. Commitments

The Company has entered into certain operating lease agreements for office space and equipment. These agreements require the Company to make the following lease payments:

Year ending December 31,	Total
2014	\$ 182
2015	161
2016	157
2017	89
2018	-
	<hr/> \$ 589

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company recognized lease expense of \$209,000 compared to \$181,000 for the comparative year.

21. Subsequent Events

- (a) On January 6, 2014, 3,805,000 warrants with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.90 expired.
- (b) On February 10, 2014, 3,000,000 warrants with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.90 expired.
- (c) During January 2014, 42,373 stock options with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.30 were exercised.
- (d) During February 2014, 175,000 stock options with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.23 were exercised.
- (e) During February 2014, 23,729 stock options with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.30 were exercised.
- (f) During March 2014, 72,032 stock options with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.30 were exercised.